# Professional Digital Power Amplifier

# Instruction manual





Thank you very much for your choice of DA-2WA(B) IDA-4WA(B) digital power amplifier. Please read the manual carefully before operation so as to bring the efficiency and function of the device into full play. Please pay attention to the application Characteristics that will be beneficial to it's maintenance.

## Introduction

The 21st century is the numerical era and the digital sonic equipment is the most effective method to pursue the audio result of "original flavor". The digital development of amplification system is very fast, however the digital process of audio signal treatment equipment develops even faster. All types of programmed digital audio processors have been entering the market in large quantities for your selection. Amplification system has entered digital net transmission era.

Today audio power amplifier is still mainly of analogue amplification function, which has developed in technical procedure to such status that it encounters slow development period. It is the inevitable trend that digital power amplifier (DPA) of strong after-effect will replace analogue amplifier because of its many unique merits.

# Safety precautions



The hazardous voltage and non-insulated parts inside the device is dangerous enough to cause electric shock to human being.

Warning: There are dangerous accessories of high voltage in the device, so do not remove the cover. Have it inspected and maintained by professional personnel.

In order to prevent fire and electric shock, please do not put the device close to heat source or explore it in rain or humid environment.

Model	Name	Parameters				
DA-2W A(B) (2CH)	Output power (RMS)	Impedance	Mono channel		connection annel output)	
		1 Ω	NA			
		2 Ω	2×2000W			
		4 Ω	2×1200W	40	W00W	
		8 Ω	2×700W	22	00W	
	Output power (RMS)	<b>2</b> Ω	NA			
DA-4W A(B) (4CH)		4 Ω	4×650W			
		<b>8</b> Ω	4×350W	2×	2000W	
DA-2W A(B) (2CH)	,	500VA				
DA-4W A(B) (4CH)	Consumption average	900VA				
Bandwid	Bandwidth (1W, 8Ω)		5Hz~30kHz			
Damping factor (10Hz~400Hz)		>600				
Slew Rate( 8 Ω Load )		40V/ μ s				
Signal & noise ratio (20Hz~20kHz)		≥100 dB/A				
Input Impedance		10kΩ(Imbalance)				
Total harmonic distortion		(0.1W ~ Rate output power)<0.1%				
Intermodu	Intermodulation distortion		(0.1W ~ Rate output power)<0.02%			
Power voltage range (50Hz/60Hz)		AC95V-265V~				
Operating temperature		0℃~45℃				
Dimension		(Length×Width×Height) 496 × 482 × 44(mm)				
DA-2WA(B) (2CH) DA-4WA(B) (4CH)		net weight	About 9kg		About 12kg	
			About 11kg	gross weight	About 14kg	
Ca	Carton size		(Length×Width×Height) 630 × 580 × 100(mm)			

Feature description	Digital power amplifier		
Instant signal response (relating to clarity of medium and high frequency tone quality)	Slew rate (Slew) ≥40v/μs		
Impedance ( relating to clarity of bass)	≥600(100Hz)		
Power utilization rate (efficiency) (namely energy consumption)	≥90% (Power utilization rate does not decrease according to the reduction of load impedance and the heat rate is small).		
Demand of AC power voltage	Usually Applied within the voltage of AC95V $\sim\!265\text{V}$ and need no transition.		
Signal dynamic range (relating to undistorted performance of extra strong signal and weak signal).	≥95dB		
Temperature increases in the device.	High power utilization, heat emission in the device is reduce the temperature rises slowly and heat dissipation is easy.		
Reliability	Temperature rises slowly in the device enabling obvious improvement of reliability.		
Dimension and weight	1U volume standard on case, the net weight of 2CH model is about 9kg, the net weight of 4CH model is about 11kg.		

## Perfect protection measure of reliability

The product has fairly perfect protection measure of reliability that can prevent damage of both amplifier as well as speaker system connected to it in normal operation.

#### Output short circuit protection.

When short circuit occurs to the external connected load system (protection gate limit is smaller than 1.0 ohm), digital power amplifier will forbid power output and automatically return to power output once the short circuit is eliminated.

#### Over temperature protection

The amplifier operates in set temperature scope. If the environment temperature exceeds fixed rate, power output will automatically decrease to gradually lower the temperature inside the device. (The operation status at this moment is termed as realization of limited range of output voltage and the power output will be reduced.)

#### Clip protection

When input signal is too strong or the signal appears to be of big peak level, protection slice circuit built in the device will automatically limit the input of too big peak signal so as to avoid the damage to speaker system (especially treble speaker) by clipped signal without creating clipping signal phenomenon.

#### Postponement power output restriction

During long-term and continuous output of non-musical signal, the amplifier will automatically attenuate input signal and limit output power in an attempt to prevent any damage to the amplifier and speaker.

#### Output protection

If output signal carries quite big DC voltage, DC output restriction unit installed in the amplifier will protect the bass speaker from being damaged.

#### High frequency protection

In case of occurrence of strong and lasting non-musical signal exceeding acoustic frequency range at input terminal, the yellow LED warning light on front panel will blink to protect the speaker system.

#### Power protection

The device will automatically shut off when power voltage exceeds normal power supply range of the amplifier.



Digital power amplifier 1 set



Input plug 2 channel 2pieces 4 channel 4pieces



Output plug 2 channel 2pieces 4 channel 4pieces



Power cable 1 piece

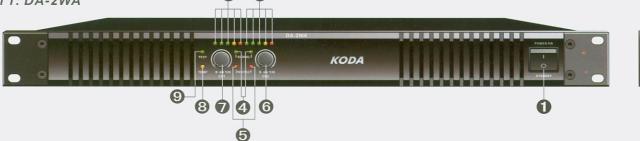


Manual 1 set

### 2 channel front panel

#### 2×2000W/2 Ωload

Molel 1: DA-2WA



2

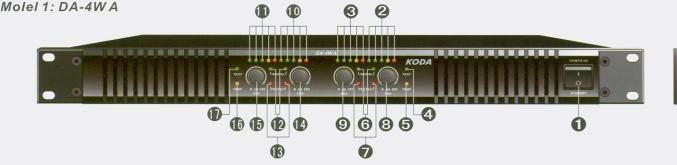
Molel 2: DA-2WB (function same as DA-2WA)



- Power switch
- 2 CH2 volume indicator
- 3 CH1 volume indicator
- 4 CH1 and CH2 signal indicator (SIGNAL)
- **6** CH1 and CH2 protection indicator (PROTECT)
- **6** CH2 volume adjustment potentiometer (0—120 dB)
- **7** CH1 volume adjustment potentiometer (0—120 dB)
- Over temperature indicator (TEMP)
- Selftest indicator (TEST)

#### 4 channel front panel

 $4\times350W/8\Omega$ load  $2\times2000W/8\Omega$ load(bridge)



Molel 2: DA-4W B (function same as DA-4WA)



- Power switch
- 2 CH4 volume indicator
- CH3 volume indicator
- 4 CH3 and CH4 test indicator (TEST)
- **6** CH3 and CH4 over temperature indicator (TEMP)
- 6 CH3 and CH4 signal indicator (SIGNAL)
- **7** CH3 and CH4 protection indicator (PROTECT)
- **8** CH4 volume adjustment potentiometer (0—120 dB)
- **9** CH3 volume adjustment potentiometer (0—120 dB)
- CH2 volume indicator
- CH1 volume indicator
- (\$1 GNAL)

- CH1 and CH2 protection indicator (PROTECT)
- CH2 volume adjustment potentiometer (0—120 dB)
- CH1 volume adjustment potentiometer (0—120 dB)
- (16) CH1 and CH2 over temperature indicator (TEMP)
- TO CH1 and CH2 test indicator (TEST)

#### 2 channel rear panel



- 1 CH1 audio signal input terminal
- 2 CH1 audio signal output terminal
- 3 CH2 audio signal output terminal
- 4 CH2 audio signal input terminal
- **5** Signal transition switch (single signal—dual signal)
- 6 Power input socket

#### 4 channel rear panel



- 1 CH1 audio signal input terminal
- 2 CH1 audio signal output terminal
- 3 CH2 audio signal output terminal
- 4 CH2 audio signal input terminal
- **6** CH3 audio signal input terminal
- 6 CH3 audio signal output terminal
- CH4 audio signal output terminal
- 8 CH4 audio signal input terminal

- **9** CH1 and CH2 signal transition switch (single signal—dual signal))
- CH3 and CH4 signal transition switch (single signal—dual signal))
- Power input socket

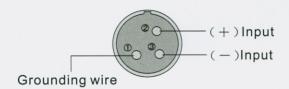
## Input plug connection mode

The input signal connection of the device is 3-core input socket, which is divided into balance input connection and unbalance input connection. The connection method is shown in the following illustration:

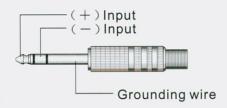


#### 1. Balance input connection

Bayonet plug connection

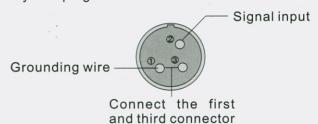


■ Φ6.35 three-core plug

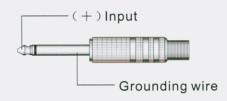


#### 2. Unbalance input connection

Bayonet plug connection



■ Φ6.35 two-core plug



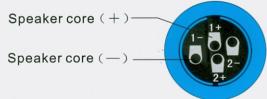
## **Output plug connection mode**

Output plug is 4P Speakon locked plug, which is divided into single channel connection and bridge connection. The connection method is shown in the following illustration.



Positive pole of speaker's core is connected with 1+ plug of 4P Speakon.

Negative pole of speaker's core is connected with 1- plug of 4P Speakon.

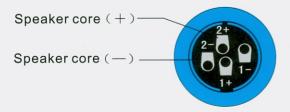




#### 2. Bridge connection

Positive pole of speaker's core is connected with 2+ plug of 4P Speakon.

Negative pole of speaker's core is connected with 2- plug of 4P Speakon.



## **Pre-starting preparation**

- The power voltage to be applied should conform to the requirements on the instruction manual.
- Before connecting to power supply, link the signal input and output plugs according to the connection method of the manual and verify that they are properly connected.
- Before turning on or off digital power amplification series device, you must adjust its volume to the minimum in prevention of any damage to the device and speaker.

## **Basic operation**

Turn on and adjust volume



When the power is connected to the device through the plug, the device is under power and enters pre-operation status.





Press power switch(POWER ON) and turn on the device.





Signal indicator (SIGNAL) is on, showing that signal has entered the device. If the indicator is not on, no signal input is present.





DA-2WA (B)



Use CH1 and CH2 knobs of DA-2W A(B) to achieve gain and attenuation of volume of two channels and turn them to proper positions according to the need.



Use CH1、CH2、CH3 and CH4 of DA-4W A(B) to achieve gain and attenuation of volume of four channels and turn them to proper positions according to the need.

- Signal input and output transition
  - Single channel input of signal, Single and Dual channel output or on bridge connection status: According to the output plug connection mode,

If on (1) connection mode (as page 6), it is single channel connection, Dual channel output.

If on (2) connection mode (as page 6), it is bridge connection status, single channel output.

Press the transition switch on the rear panel  $\square$ 



Dual channel input and dual channel output of signal.

Bounce the transition switch on the rear panel.  $\square$ 



- Refer to the above steps for the operation of signal transition of DA-4W A(B).
- Turn off

DA-2WA (B)



Use CH1 and CH2 control knobs of DA-2W A(B) to adjust the volume of two channels to 0dB separately.

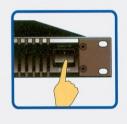
DA-4WA (B)



Use CH1、CH2、CH3 and CH4 control knobs of DA-4W A(B) to adjust the volume of four channels to 0dB separately.







Press the power switch(STANDBY) and turn it off.

#### **Precautions**



## Attention

- If the overload protection indicator (PROTECT) is on during operation, it shows the device is out of order. It should be stopped and inspected by professional maintenance personnel.
- When temperature in the device is too high, the over temperature indicator (TEMP) will be on and the device will stop operation. It will automatically reset when temperature inside the device falls down. If it cannot reset, please turn it off first and ask professional maintenance personnel to inspect it.
- Do not connect in parallel or series the output terminal of the device with the output terminal of other amplifier.
- For stereo result, dual channel signal input and dual channel power signal output are used. The dual channel input plugs of speaker are 1+ and 1- respectively.
- For mono channel function resulted from single channel signal input and single channel power signal output, press the transition switch on the rear panel (as1-1). the connection status of input plugs of speaker should be changed into 2+ and 2- in bridge connection.
- Please turn off the power if the amplifier stands by over 3 hours.



(1-1)